## **Pdiver In Action**

**Boost Performance Test with Realistic and Privacy-Safe Data** 



HiFiData LLC

Version 1.1

2024-10-08

## Introduction

Performance testing is essential for evaluating how well software applications handle expected workloads under various conditions. However, one of the biggest challenges in performance testing is preparing data that accurately reflects real-world scenarios. Randomly generated data often lacks the complexity and nuance of production data, leading to less reliable or misleading test results. On the other hand, using actual production data raises serious privacy concerns due to regulations like HIPAA, PHI (Protected Health Information), and PII (Personally Identifiable Information), as well as strict internal security protocols. This often puts security, database, and privacy managers in a tough position, as they may be hesitant to approve the use of sensitive data in testing environments.

This is where Pdiver steps in, offering a solution that bridges the gap between data security and usability. Pdiver desensitizes sensitive information while preserving the visual, statistical, and structural integrity of the data. This allows teams to use production-like data in performance tests without risking privacy violations. By maintaining data realism without exposing sensitive information, Pdiver ensures that performance testing is both accurate and compliant with privacy and security regulations. Moreover, Pdiver's transformation process safeguards the integrity of database schemas, preventing validation errors that could arise from altering data types or structures.

For a deeper understanding of how high-fidelity data can balance privacy and usability, refer to the DZone article, "High Fidelity Data: Ensuring Privacy and Usage".

## **Challenges in Performance Testing with Realistic Data**

#### 1. Privacy Concerns (HIPAA, PHI, PII)

Using actual production data in performance testing raises significant privacy concerns, especially in regulated industries like healthcare (HIPAA) and finance (PCI-DSS). PHI and PII require strict governance, making anonymization, data masking, or synthetic data necessary. However, these methods often alter the data's characteristics, reducing test fidelity. Securing test environments to comply with privacy regulations also adds complexity and overhead.

#### 2. Data Type Changes

Privacy measures like truncating or masking sensitive fields (e.g., SSNs or phone numbers) can cause data type mismatches, as test environments might expect full-length values. These mismatches may force database schema changes, increasing costs and impacting system compatibility. Developers then spend time resolving non-functional issues, diverting focus from performance improvements.

#### 3. Data Length and Character Restrictions

Anonymization techniques often fail to replicate original data characteristics, particularly field length and allowed characters. Placeholder data may not meet UI or server validation rules, leading to errors and invalid test scenarios. Maintaining realistic data within privacy constraints while adhering to field restrictions is a key challenge.

#### 4. Inconsistent Data Load Distribution

Simulated data tends to follow uniform patterns, unlike real-world usage, which is often varied and event-driven (e.g., spikes during sales). Random data generation struggles to replicate these fluctuations and regional behavior variations. Preserving realistic data distributions after anonymization is crucial for accurate performance testing.

#### 5. Field and Data Correlation

Data fields often have interdependencies (e.g., billing correlating with shipping). Random data or poorly applied privacy measures can break these relationships, leading to unrealistic test scenarios. For instance, replacing a ZIP code with a random value may mismatch city or state fields. Preserving these correlations is vital for obtaining reliable test results, as broken relationships can lead to misidentified performance bottlenecks.

## **How Pdiver Solves the Problem**

Pdiver strikes the perfect balance between data usability and privacy by allowing you to use transformed production data without privacy compromising. By desensitizing privacy-sensitive data elements, Pdiver retains the overall structure, statistical distribution, and visual representation of the data, ensuring it remains realistic and effective for performance testing.

## **Key Benefits of Using Pdiver for Performance Testing**

- **No Privacy Concerns:** Pdiver ensures compliance with privacy regulations (e.g., HIPAA) by transforming sensitive data, enabling the safe use of production-like data in testing environments.
- **Preserves Data Integrity:** Pdiver maintains the original data's visual, statistical, and population integrity, ensuring the transformed data behaves identically to the original in performance tests.
- **Schema Compatibility:** Transformed data seamlessly fits into existing database schemas without requiring changes to validation rules or database configurations, preventing costly adjustments.
- **No Validation Rule Changes:** Pdiver's transformations preserve validation rules, so both client-side and server-side validations remain intact, eliminating the need for additional modifications.

## **Steps to Use Pdiver in Performance Testing**



## **Step 1: Prepare Production Data**

Select a representative dataset from your production environment, covering a wide range of real-world use cases, including diverse user profiles and transaction types. This ensures your performance tests accurately simulate actual scenarios. Identify and tag sensitive data elements such as customer names, addresses, social security numbers, and credit card details, as well as industry-specific data like medical records.

Pdiver supports multiple formats, including relational databases (e.g., MySQL, PostgreSQL) and text files like CSV.

## Step 2: Transform Data with Pdiver

Pdiver comes equipped with **RESTful APIs** and **SDKs for Java, Python, and JavaScript**, making it adaptable to a wide range of tech stacks. For performance testing involving **CSV files** or **SQL databases**, HiFiData's **PSD-Cleaner** streamlines configuration while maintaining peak performance.

#### Easy Transformation: The Basic Use Case

- 1. **Set Up Database Connections:** Define the connections for your source and target relational databases (e.g., PostgreSQL to MySQL).
- 2. **Query the Data:** Use a simple SQL query to retrieve the relevant data. Pdiver's default transformation rules can be applied for straightforward setups.
- 3. **Run the Transformation:** PSD-Cleaner pulls data using the defined query and calls the Pdiver API to batch-transform sensitive data. The process retains the original schema and validation rules for smooth integration into your testing environment.

In this basic setup, users only need to provide database connection details and a query. Pdiver automatically detects and transforms sensitive data.

#### **Custom Transformation: Advanced Control**

For more complex scenarios, users can fine-tune transformations for specific fields, defining how each sensitive element is handled. This customization ensures that the transformed data meets the specific needs of your testing or compliance requirements.

Pdiver guarantees that the transformed data retains its **visual, statistical, and population integrity**, ensuring that it behaves the same way as the original data in performance tests, minimizing the need for environmental adjustments.

#### **Example: CSV File Export for Testing Tools**

In performance testing, CSV data is often used for test input. Pdiver can be configured to save transformed data to a file instead of a database, allowing for easy import into testing tools like JMeter or LoadRunner.

## Step 3: Export and Use Pdived Data

Pdiver provides multiple options to export transformed data:

- Direct Database Export: Insert transformed data into target databases for immediate use.
- File Export: Export data to CSV or flat files for easy integration with performance testing tools.

The key advantage of Pdiver is its ability to maintain the **data structure** and **validation rules**, ensuring seamless integration with existing test environments, without the need for schema or validation rule changes.

#### Validate the Transformed Data

After transformation, validate the data to ensure it maintains its structural integrity. This step usually needs to be done only once at the beginning. Key checks include:

- Consistency with the original schema (data types, field lengths, relationships)
- Retention of validation rules (e.g., unique constraints, foreign key references)
- Complete desensitization of sensitive information
- Integrity of existing validation rules

#### **Prepare for Testing**

Set up your performance testing environment as usual. Pdiver-generated data will now serve as a robust, privacy-compliant foundation for real-world testing scenarios.

## Step 4: Run Performance Test

Use performance testing tools such as JMeter, LoadRunner, or Gatling to simulate user traffic, transactions, and system workloads. Pdiver-transformed data ensures the tests are realistic and privacy-compliant, providing accurate insights into how your application performs under various conditions.

## **Step 5: Report Results**

Once performance testing is complete, compile a comprehensive report. Since the data used is privacycompliant, you can safely share results with stakeholders like security managers, database administrators, and quality assurance engineers.

# **Pdiver Pros and Cons in Performance Testing**

### **Pros:**

- **Enhanced Privacy Protection:** Pdiver allows the safe use of production data by transforming sensitive information, ensuring privacy compliance without compromising data utility. This is vital for industries like healthcare, finance, and e-commerce, where data protection is a top priority.
- **Realistic Test Data:** Pdiver preserves the complexity, structure, and relationships of real-world data, resulting in more accurate performance testing. By using production-like data, it reveals system bottlenecks and performance issues that may be overlooked with synthetic datasets.
- **Regulatory Compliance:** Pdiver helps organizations meet privacy regulations such as **HIPAA**. By transforming sensitive data, it mitigates legal risks while still allowing production-like data to be used for testing, making compliance easier to achieve.
- **Seamless Integration:** Pdiver's transformation process ensures that the transformed data aligns perfectly with the existing database schema and validation rules. This means the output fits into your systems without requiring modifications to schema or validation logic, allowing for easy adoption in performance testing environments.
- **Support for Multiple Data Formats:** Pdiver supports a wide range of formats, including structured data (databases, CSV), semi-structured (JSON, XML) and flat text. This versatility makes it easy for organizations with varied data storage solutions to implement Pdiver, regardless of their tech stack.

## Cons:

- **Initial Setup Effort:** Depending on the complexity of your environment, the initial configuration of Pdiver may require effort, especially in determining the scope of sensitive data to be transformed. However, Pdiver's APIs and SDKs simplify integration once set up.
- Handling Unstructured Data: While Pdiver efficiently handles both structured and unstructured data (e.g., emails body), transforming unstructured data may require additional APIs. This could introduce complexity for teams less familiar with processing unstructured data.
- Learning Curve for Custom Configuration: Organizations with complex, custom privacy needs may face a learning curve in configuring Pdiver. However, once set up, these configurations can be reused. Pdiver offers robust flexibility to meet even the most intricate data protection scenarios.

# **Pdiver's Role in Performance Testing Across Industries**

Pdiver meets the unique performance testing challenges of various industries by transforming sensitive data into production-like, privacy-compliant formats. In **healthcare**, Pdiver enables hospitals to test electronic health record (EHR) systems using desensitized (or "pdived") patient data that maintains the complexity needed for realistic simulations, all while complying with HIPAA. For **e-commerce**, Pdiver helps retailers prepare for high-traffic events like sales by pdiving sensitive customer data such as credit card and addresses, ensuring PCI compliance while preserving diverse transaction patterns. In **fintech**, Pdiver transforms sensitive financial data, allowing companies to test fraud detection systems by retaining critical patterns necessary for identifying suspicious activity—without exposing confidential information.

Across all industries, Pdiver ensures data integrity, enabling realistic performance tests without requiring modifications to schemas or validation rules. This adaptability allows businesses to optimize their systems for peak performance while staying compliant with privacy regulations like HIPAA, GDPR, and PCI-DSS. By balancing privacy protection with data usability, Pdiver provides industries with the ability to create effective testing environments that closely mirror real-world scenarios without compromising sensitive data.